DANIMEX - EXPLOSION PROTECTED CERTIFICATION

TEMPERATURE CLASSIFICATION

MINING						
Group I	Group I Methane / Firedamp (537°C) Coal Dust (150°C)					
SURFACE INDUSTRY						
Classification	Ignition temperature of GAS / VAPOUR	Maximum applicable surface Temperature of certified EQUIPMENT				
T1	Ignition Temp. ≤ 450°C	300°C ≤ Surface Temp. < 450°C				
T2	300°C < Ignition Temp. < 450°C	200°C ≤ Surface Temp. < 300°C				
T3	200°C < Ignition Temp. < 300°C	135°C ≤ Surface Temp. < 200°C				
T4	135°C < Ignition Temp. < 200°C	100°C ≤ Surface Temp. < 135°C				
T5	100°C < Ignition Temp. < 135°C	85°C ≤ Surface Temp. < 100°C				
T6	85°C < Ignition Temp. < 100°C	Surface Temp. < 85°C				

SELECTION OF EQUIPMENT						
	SURFACE INDUST	RY				
	Allowed Equipment	Area Classification				
	Only intrinsic safety "ia" (and double protected	Zone 0				
Zones	Zone 0 equipment d, e, m, p, q, ib Any equipment with multiple certification of above techniques. e.g. Ex de	Zone 1				
	Zone 1 equipment n (e.g. n, nR, nC, nL, nZ, etc.)	Zone 2				
	1	Not for surface application				
Cas Cuauna	IIA, IIB, IIC	IIA				
Gas Groups	IIB, IIC	IIB				
	IIC	IIC				
	T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6	T1				
	T2, T3, T4, T5, T6	T2				
Temperature	T3, T4, T5, T6	Т3				
Classes	T4, T5, T6	T4				
	T5, T6	Т5				
	T6	T6				
Ambient	If no ambient temperature is indicated on the equipment, it may be used in -20°C to 40°C (default) ambient.	Limiting ambient temperature as defined in area classification documents.				
Temperature	Alternative ambient temperature marked in equipment. See marking /certificate of equipment.					

GAS GROUPS					
AREA	GROUP (GAS / VAPOUR) (SANS / IEC /ATEX)	Mining Ignition Ener- gy (MIE)	EXAMPLES		
	lic	20µJ - 60µJ	Hydrogen, Acetylene		
SURFACE	IIB	لاµ60 - لـ60	Ethylene		
	IIA	180µJ and higher	Propane		
MINING	I	200µJ	Firedamp/ Methane and coal dust in mines		

All 'Danimex' radios and solutions are certified at: Ex ia I T4 Ma & Ex ia IIC T4 Ga

*all kits include: 1x radio, 1x battery, 1x antenna and 1x charger

CLASSIFICATIONS OF HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS **ZONE 2 ZONE 0 ZONE 1 ZONE 0** ATEX II 2 G Ex d IIA T4 Gb II = Surface I = Mining Equipment Protection Level Category **Temperature Class** 1, 2, 3 = Surface M1, M2 = Mining T1 - T6 = SurfaceGas Group: Type of protection **Environment** Explosion I = Mining protected G = Gas IIA / IIB / IIC = D = Dust E.g. d, ia, etc. Surface industry



IS-SA-VHF DP2600e

IS-SA-UHF DP2600e



		ZONES AND EPL LEVELS					
		AREA	SUBSTANCE	Zones (SANS / IEC / ATEX)	EPL Levels	Rule of Thumb	Examples
		SURFACE	GASES AND VAPOURS	0 (ATEX Category 1)	Ga	Gas/ Vapours atmosphere continuously present or for long periods in the explosive concentration (1000 hrs. + per year)	Inside vessels and pipes. (Zone 0 is not found in open air)
	5			1 (ATEX Category 2)	Gb	Intermittently present during normal operations in the explosive concentration (10 to 1000 hrs. per year)	Typically small volumes around specific point / sources of release. Sample points regularly opened (e.g. once a day) inside enclosed spaces.
				2 (ATEX Category 3)	Gc	Gas / Vapour atmospheres present in the explosive concentration during abnormal circumstances (0.1 to 10 hrs. per year / 0.5 hr. per event)	80% of hazardous locations. Sample points irregularly opened (e.g. once in two weeks)
		MINING	Coal Mine hazardous locations: Typically 180m from working face, return airways and battery charging rooms. Zone 1 area when the gas concentration does not exceed 1.4% methane / firedamp in air. (EPL = Mb) Zone 0 area when the gas concentration exceeds 1.4% methane /firedamp in air. (EPL = Ma) (Often 1.2%) Gas concentration in excess of 0.5% gas (methane / firedamp) in general body of air. (EPL = Mb)				
			Hard Rock mine hazardous location: in excess of 0.5% gas (methane /firedamp) in general body of air. (EPL = Mb) NB. Gases/Vapours other than firedamp/ methane that may be present are to be additionally considered.				

	NAME / STANDARDS (PRINCIPLE)	SYMBOL	ZONE	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION (TYPICAL)
	FLAMEPROOF IEC/SANS 60079-0/1 (Containment)	d, db da	1, 2 0, 1, 2	Protection of switchgear motors, control Electronics etc.	A robust enclosure with specifically designed joints to prevent the internal ignition transmitting to the outside gas/ vapour
	INCREASED SAFETY IEC/SANS 60079-0/7 (No sparking/ limitation of hot surface temp.)	e, eb	1, 2	Luminaries, junction boxes, connection facilities of motors and switches etc.	A technique with strict requirements for construction and limitation of surface temperature.
	NON SPARKING IEC/SANS 60079-15 (No sparking/ limitation of hot surface temp.)	N, n, nA, nC, etc.	2	Luminaries, junction boxes motors, electronics etc.	A technique with strict requirements for construction and limitation of surface temperature.
	INTRINSIC SAFETY IEC/SANS 60079-0/11 (Energy limited sparking and limitation of surface temp.)	ia ib ic	0, 1, 2 1, 2 2	Process control instrumentation, handheld equipment e.g. gas sensors, multi meters etc.	A technique restricting the level of energy in circuits to below the ignition energy of the gas. It achieves this under defined faults in the electronics. Surface temperatures of components considered.
	PRESSURIZATION IEC/SANS 60079-0/2 (Exclusion of gas from incendive components)	p, pX pY, pZ	1, 2	Analyser houses Analyser panels	Gas / vapour excluded from enclosure when flammable gas surrounds enclosure. OR Continuous dilution of internal release of flammable gas/ vapour to below LEL.
	ENCAPSULTION IEC/SANS 60079-0/18 (Exclusion of gas from incendive components)	m ma mb mc	1, 2 0, 1, 2 1, 2 2	Mostly Electronics circuits e.g. Ballasts in luminaries, power supplies etc.	Exclusion of gas / vapour from ignition source.
	SAND FILLING IEC/SANS 60079-0/5 (Exclusion of gas from incendive components restricting explosion)	q	1, 2	Mostly Electronic circuits e.g. Ballasts in luminaries fuses etc.	A technique with typically no internal free space separating the atmosphere and the ignition source.
	DOUBLE PROTECTION IEC/SANS 60079-0/26 (Surface) EN 50303 (Mining)	e.g. Ex d l / Ex qe [ia] l	0, 1, 2	Sand filled power supply with increased safety connections located in a flameproof box. Output	The use of multiple (two) techniques (or two fault tolerant)

DESCRIPTION OF EX TECHNIQUES

(EPL)

energy intrinsically safe.